

### **Executive Summary**

### Report to the Board of Directors

### Being Held on 31 January 2023

Subject Integrated Performance Report	
Supporting TEG Member	Michael Harper, Chief Operating Officer
Author	Performance and Information Team
Status <sup>1</sup>	D&N

### **PURPOSE OF THE REPORT**

To provide the Board with a detailed assessment of performance against the agreed indicators and measures. The report describes the specific actions that are under way to deliver the required standards.

### **KEY POINTS**

- This report assesses key performance indicators against their targets for November 2022 and October 2022.
- An exception report will be provided for indicators not meeting their target, unless stated otherwise in the executive summary.
- The deep dive in this report will be covering mandatory and job specific essential training.

### **IMPLICATIONS**<sup>2</sup>

Aim	of the STHFT Corporate Strategy	√ Tick as appropriate
1	Deliver the Best Clinical Outcomes	✓
2	Provide Patient Centred Services	✓
3	Employ Caring and Cared for Staff	✓
4	Spend Public Money Wisely	✓
5	Create a Sustainable Organisation	✓
6	Deliver Excellent Research, Education and Innovation	✓

### RECOMMENDATIONS

The Board is asked to:

- a) Receive the Integrated Performance Report for October 2022 and November 2022.
- b) Note the performance standards that are being achieved.
- c) Be assured that where performance standards are not currently met, a detailed analysis has been undertaken and actions are in place to ensure an improvement is made.

Comment on the revised approach to ensure easier reference to those metrics where pandemic recovery actions are being focussed.

### **APPROVAL PROCESS**

Meeting	Date	Approved Y/N
Trust Executive Group	18 January 2023	
Board of Directors	31 January 2023	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Status: A = Approval

D = Debate

A\* = Approval & Requiring Board Approval

N = Note

# Sheffield Teaching Hospitals **NHS NHS Foundation Trust**











**INTEGRATED PERFORMANCE** REPORT





**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 31 January 2023













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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The full performance report against all of the tracked metrics is provided here as standard practice. Since the start of the pandemic, in line with the whole NHS, performance against national targets has proved extremely challenging. We have previously discussed and agreed at Board of Directors that continued reporting and remedial actions should continue. However, in line with clearly stated national priorities, this Executive Summary will now provide a synopsis relating to a number of key metrics that have been prioritised for recovery and our own internal Getting Back on Track programme of work. The exception reports have also been reordered to provide these metrics first.

### **Ambulance waits**

**Percentage of ambulance handovers in excess of 30 minutes** – 83.83% of ambulance handovers were completed within 30 minutes in November 2022, compared to 81.73% in October 2022. The national standard changed in April 2022 from 100% within 30 minutes to 95% within 30 minutes.

**Percentage of ambulance handovers in excess of 60 minutes** – 11.73% of handovers took longer than 60 minutes in November 2022, compared with 14.03% in October 2022.

### **Activity recovery**

**New Attendances** - There were 31,490 new outpatient attendances in November 2022, which was 97.1% of the activity delivered in November 2019. Year to date for 2022/23 there have been 225,091 new outpatient attendances, which is 88.0% of the YTD activity for 2019/20.

**Follow up Attendances** - There were 72,299 follow up outpatient attendances in November 2022, which was 106.3% of the activity delivered in November 2019. Year to date for 2022/23 there have been 518,620 follow up outpatient attendances, which is 97.4% of the YTD activity for 2019/20.

*Elective inpatients* - There were 1,801 elective inpatient spells in November 2022, which was 90.6% of the activity delivered in November 2019. Year to date for 2022/23 there have been 12,890 elective inpatient spells, which is 83.8% of the YTD activity for 2019/20.

**Daycases** - There were 11,512 daycases in November 2022, which was 102.6% of the activity delivered in November 2019. Year to date for 2022/23 there have been 86,110 daycases completed, which is 98.1% of the YTD activity for 2019/20. Daycase activity in November accounted for 86.5% of total Elective work, against a target of 85%.

Theatre Efficiency - November 2022 had Theatre Utilisation of 88.3% against an 85% target.

**Non-elective inpatients** - There were 5,590 non elective spells in November 2022 which was 103.8% of the activity delivered in November 2019. Year to date there have been 42,411 inpatient non elective spells, which is 98.7% of the YTD activity for 2019/20.

**Bed nights** – There were 39,343 bed nights for elective and non-elective patients in November 2022, this compares to 40,120 bed nights in November 2019. Work is underway to improve the quality of data on bed occupancy.

**Cancer care** – 43.3% of cancer patients were seen for their first definitive treatment within 62 days of a GP referral in November 2022 compared to 46.0% in October 2022. Performance for the same metric in Q2 2022/23 was 48.9%.

**52-week breaches** – There were 3,391 52-week (incomplete RTT pathway) breaches in November 2022, compared to 3,363 in October 2022. These patients are being prioritised for scheduling as quickly as possible. The national deadline for elimination of 52-week breaches is March 2025.

**78-week breaches** – There were 610 78-week breaches in November 2022 compared to 573 in October 2022. These patients are being prioritised for scheduling as quickly as possible. The national deadline for elimination of 78-week breaches is March 2023.

**104-week breaches** - There were 43 patients waiting more than 104 weeks in November 2022, compared to 31 in October 2022. This is against a target of zero. These patients have either elected not to go elsewhere to receive earlier care or they are extremely complex pathways.

### Sickness absence

Total absence was at 5.61% in November 2022, compared to 5.76% in October 2022 against the target of 4%. Of the total absence, COVID absence represented 0.63% in November 2022.

### **Delivery against financial plan**

The position at Month 8 is £908k (0.1%) adverse against plan. The £908k YTD overspend shows a deterioration from the month 7 position of £564k, which is a bigger deterioration than in previous months. This includes some one-off items, but also an overall deterioration within directorate positions.

There is an underperformance against the efficiency target. The month 8 delivery is £9.1m against the £11.1m target, a shortfall of £1.9m (17.5%), along with under delivery of prior year targets.

Overall Pay is £4.4m (0.8%) under spent with a Medical & Dental overspend of £2.4m and Nurses and Midwives underspend of £4.4m. The underspend across other remaining staff groups to date totals £2.4m.

There is an overspend on Non-Pay at Month 8 of £7.5m (2.2%). £3.4m of this relates to High-Cost Drugs, for which we are re-imbursed for within income and therefore is not a concern, and £1.4m is an overspend on offsite activity expenditure as part of Trust recovery.

At Month 8 27 out of 37 Directorates are behind plan, and of these 10 have deficits more than 3% of year-to-date budgets. The overall position across Directorates further declined in November to a deficit of £10.8m.

Elective Recovery targets, and therefore retention of ERF, requires delivery of 104% of the 2019/20 elective activity (Elective plus Outpatients). This has not been delivered in month or cumulatively. In November, the Trust has delivered 96% of the value of activity delivered in M8 of 2019/20. An assumed clawback of ERF has not been included in the position for Month 8 and it has been confirmed that there will be no clawback for H1. Whilst not confirmed, any H2 clawback is unlikely due to levels of COVID being much higher than anticipated in the Planning Guidance (which was written on the assumption of low levels of COVID prevalence).

The key risks for 2022/23 are the delivery of the required level of efficiency savings, any unanticipated inflation/other cost pressures, and non-delivery of the Elective Recovery Targets which may require repayment of Elective Recovery Funding.

The Trust Performance overview is provided for the months of October 2022 and November 2022 below. An exception report is provided for any indicator receiving a red rating in either month and has been benchmarked against an appropriate peer group and identified as an outlier. The Executive Lead has confirmed if the report is required. This is identified down the lefthand side of the table on the following page as follows:

Exception Report included in IPR

Metric not achieved target, but no exception report included

Achieved target

Data quality markers for each indicator are in development and will be available in the next report.

# TRUST PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

1. 12. 4				Current Report		Previous Repor	
Indicator	Measure	Standard	Target Type	Data Range *	*R *V *A	Data Range	*R *V *A
Deliver The Best Clinic	cal Outcomes						
CQC Compliance	Outcome of CQC inspection	Good in all five domains	SOF	Jul-22		Jun-22	
Indicator	Measure	Standard	Target Type	Current Report Data Range *	ing Period *R *V *A	Previous Repor Data Range	rting Period *R *V *A
Deliver The Best Clinic	cal Outcomes		УРС				
Hospital Mortality	Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio	As expected or lower	SOF	Sep-2021 to Aug-		Aug-2021 to Jul-	
	Summary Hospital-level Mortality Indicator	As expected or lower	SOF	2022 Aug-21 to Jul-22			
MRSA bacteraemia	Hospital onset	Zero cases	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	√ (L)
MSSA bacteraemia	Hospital onset	63 per year	SOF	Q3 22/23	(√a) (2)	Q2 22/23	•
C.diff	Hospital onset	112 per year (28 per quarter)	SOF	Q3 22/23	<b>√</b> ?	Q2 22/23	
	Community onset/ healthcare associated	36 per year (9 per quarter)	SOF	Q3 22/23		Q2 22/23	<b>→ →</b>
E.coli	Community onset/ healthcare associated	84 per year (21 per quarter)		Q3 22/23	<b>√√ ?</b>	Q2 22/23	
	Hospital onset	136 per year (34 per quarter)	SOF	Q3 22/23	⟨√₀ (?)	Q2 22/23	<b>√ 2</b>
Serious Incidents	Number of serious incidents (SI)	Number	Local	Nov-22	9/he	Oct-22	(s/ha)
	Approved SI Report submitted within timescales	No overdue reports	Local	Nov-22	<b>→</b>	Oct-22	
Incidents	Number of finally approved incidents based on incident date	Number of incidents	Local	Nov-22	(a/b)	Oct-22	<b>H</b>
l	Percentage of incidents approved within 35 days based on approval date	95% within 35 days	Local	Nov-22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Oct-22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Average Length of Stay (by discharges)	Average Length of Stay Elective	4.27 days (Dr Foster)	Local	Aug-21 to Jul-22		Jul-21 to Jun-22	
(,,	Average Length of Stay Non Elective	4.45 days (Dr Foster)	Local	Aug-21 to Jul-22		Jul-21 to Jun-22	
Birth rate 24-37 weeks	Birth rate between 24 and 37 weeks as proportion of all births >24 weeks, rolling 12 months	6%	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Birth rate 24-27 weeks		1%	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Obstetric haemorrhage		2.9%	Local	Nov-22	€ 3	Oct-22	√√√√√
Patient Falls	Number of patient falls	< 3526 per year / 294 per month (19-20 total)	Local	Nov-22	(√) (?)	Oct-22	(√a) (2)
Pressure Ulcers	Number of pressure ulcers acquired within STH	Max 83 per month (996 per year)	Local	Nov-22	⟨√₀ (²)	Oct-22	<b>√ △</b>
	Category 4 pressure ulcers	Zero	Local	Nov-22	⟨ <b>√</b> ⟩ ( <b>?</b>	Oct-22	<b>√ 2</b>
Never Events	Number of never events	Zero	SOF	Nov-22	(√a) (?)	Oct-22	<b>√</b> ∞ <b>∴</b>
VTE	VTE Risk Assessment completed as proportion of all inpatient	95%	SOF	Q1 21/22			
Dementia	Dementia Assessment as a proportion of all inpatient non-elective admissions	90%	SOF	Q1 21/22			
Provide Patient Centre	ed Services						
A&E 4-hour wait	Patients seen within 4 hours	95%	SOF	Nov-22	<b>√ ♣</b>	Oct-22	<b>♣</b>
>12 hr Trolley waits in A&E	No. of patients waiting > 12 hours	Zero	National	Nov-22	<b>√√ 2</b>	Oct-22	√∞
Ambulance turnaround	Time taken for ambulance handover of patient	65% within 15 minutes	National	Nov-22	<b>♣</b>	Oct-22	■ •\\\ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Time taken for ambulance handover of patient	95% within 30 minutes	National	Nov-22	⟨√∞ (₹)	Oct-22	<b>√ 2</b>
	Time taken for ambulance handover of patient	0% in excess of 60 minutes	Local	Nov-22	# E	Oct-22	

				Current Reporting Period	d	Previous Report	ing Period
Indicator	Measure	Standard	Target Type	Data Range *R *V	*A	Data Range *I	R *V *A
Provide Patient Cent	red Services		.,,,,				
18 weeks RTT	Percentage of patients on incomplete pathways waiting less than 18 weeks	92%	SOF	Nov-22	(F)	Oct-22	
52 week waits	Actual numbers	Zero	National	Nov-22	£	Oct-22	
Size of PTL	Total size of Patient Treatment List	<= Sep-21 (61,416)	Local	Nov-22	£	Oct-22	
6 week diagnostic	Percentage of patients seen within 6 weeks	99%	SOF	Nov-22	£	Oct-22	
waiting Cancelled Operations	Number of operations cancelled on the day for non clinical reasons	75 per month	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	<b>(4.)</b>
	Number of patients cancelled on the day and not readmitted within 28 days	Zero	National	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	«∧» ( <del>2</del> )
Cancelled Outpatient	Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled by hospital	8.71% (National figure 2019/20)	Local	Nov-22	(F)	Oct-22	√.» (♣.)
appointments	Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled by patient	7.51% (National figure 2019/20)	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	# 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
DNA rate	Percentage of new out-patient appointments where patients DNA	7.27% (National figure 2019/20)	Local	Nov-22	P	Oct-22	#~ <u>P</u>
	Percentage of follow-up out-patient appointments where patients DNA	7.36% (National figure 2019/20)	Local	Nov-22	<u>P</u>	Oct-22	#
Cancer Waits	Patient seen within 2 weeks of urgent referral	93%	National	Q3 22/23	?	Q2 22/23	«A∞ (Ž
	Breast symptomatic seen within 2 weeks	93%	National	Q3 22/23	(F.	Q2 22/23	
	62 days from referral to treatment (GP referral)	85%	SOF	Q3 22/23	E.	Q2 22/23	«√» (F.
	62 days from referral to treatment (Cancer Screening Service)	90%	SOF	Q3 22/23	?	Q2 22/23	«∧» (Ž
	31 day first treatment from referral	96%	National	Q3 22/23	(F)	Q2 22/23	
	31 day subsequent treatment (Surgery)	94%	National	Q3 22/23	£	Q2 22/23	
	31 day subsequent treatment (Radiotherapy)	94%	National	Q3 22/23	?	Q2 22/23	
	31 day subsequent treatment (Drugs)	98%	National	Q3 22/23	?	Q2 22/23	
e-Referral Service	Percentage of eligible GP referrals received through Electronic Referral Service	90%	Local	Nov-22	<u>P</u>	Oct-22	
Ethnic group data collection	Percentage of inpatient admissions with a valid ethnic group code	85%	National	Nov-22	<u>P</u>	Oct-22	#~ P
Elective Inpatient	Variance from contract schedules	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Activity  Non elective inpatient	Variance from contract schedules	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
New outpatient	Variance from contract schedules	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
attendances Follow up op	Variance from contract schedules	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
attendances A&E attendances	Variance from contract schedules	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Complaints	Percentage of complaints closed within agreed timescales	90% within agreed timescale	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	(A) (2)
Written Complaints	Written complaints rate per 10,000 finished consultant episode	<19/20 rate ()	SOF	Q3 2019/20			
Rate Community Care	Integrated Care team contacts	43,000 per month	Local	Nov-22	E .	Oct-22	
	Intermediate Care at home Community Intermediate Care response time	98% within 1 day	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	
	Intermediate Care Beds Occupancy	<b>7</b> 88%	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	
	Intermediate Care Beds Length of Stay	<35 days	Local	Nov-22	?	Oct-22	(A) (2)

Indicator	Measure	Standard	Target	Current Report Data Range	ting Period *R *V *A	Previous Repo Data Range	rting Period *R *V *A
Provide Patient Centr	red Services		Туре				
Out of Hours GPC	% Seen Within 4 hours	95%	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
FFT Recommended	Patients recommending STH for Inpatient treatment	95%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
	Patients recommending STH for A&E treatment	86%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
	Patients recommending STH for Maternity treatment	95%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
	Patients recommending STH for Community treatment	90%	SOF			Oct-22	
Community	<u> </u>			Nov-22	<b>→ ←</b>		<b>→ →</b>
Community care – information	RTT information completeness	50%	National	2022/23 Q2		2022/23 Q1	
completeness	Referral information completeness	50%	National	2022/23 Q2		2022/23 Q1	
	Activity information completeness	50%	National	2022/23 Q2		2022/23 Q1	
Day surgery rates	Aggregate percentage of all BADS procedures recommended to be treated as day case or outpatient	88%	Local	Nov-22	<b>◆ ②</b>	Oct-22	<b>→ →</b>
Mixed Sex Accommodation	Number of breaches of Mixed Sex Accommodation standard	Zero	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Employ Caring & Car			205	N. OO		0.400	
Sickness Absence	All days lost as a percentage of those available	4%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Appraisals	Completed appraisals in last year	90%	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	• • • •
Mandatory Training	Overall percentage of completed mandatory training	90%	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Safer Staffing	Care Hours per patient day (Registered Nurses)	85% of planned hours or greater	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	<b>√</b> ∞ <b>≟</b>
	Care Hours per patient day (Total)	85% of planned hours or greater	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	<b>●</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Staff Turnover	Executive Team turnover (number of leavers as a percentage of total executive head count - rolling 1	0%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
	Number of leavers as a percentage of total head count (rolling 12 months)	to be determined	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
	Retention Rate	85%	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Recruitment	Request to fill to unconditional final offer	Average <= 8 weeks	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	<b>♣</b>
Spend Public Money				<u> </u>			
1& E	YTD actual I & E surplus/deficit in comparison to YTD plan I & E surplus/deficit	>=0	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
I & E Margin	I & E surplus/deficit as a percentage of total revenue	>=0	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Efficiency	Variance from plan	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Cash	Actual	Above profile	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Liquidity	Days of operating costs held in cash or cash equivalents	>0	SOF	Nov-22		Oct-22	
Capitol	Expenditure - variance from plan	On plan	Local	Nov-22		Oct-22	•••
Create a Sustainable	Organication						
Emissions	Annual gas carbon dioxide emissions (tCO2)	<19/20 rate (15,291 (tCO2))	Local	Apr-21			
	Annual electricity carbon dioxide emissions (tCO2)	<19/20 rate (12,592 (tCO2))	Local	Apr-21			
	Desflurane as a % of volatile anaesthetic gases to be less than 10%	<10%	National	Nov-22	(A) (B)	Oct-22	(A) (P)
	Total domestic waste carbon emissions (kgC02e) to reduce by 10%	reduce by 10% on 20/21 (590.23K)	Local	Apr-21			
	Total clinical waste carbon emissions (kgC02e) by 5%	reduce by 10% on 20/21 (509.48K)	Local	Apr-21			
	search, Education & Innovation	7.					
Recruitment to trials	Total number of patient accruals to portfolio studies	<b>5</b> 0	Regional - Y&H	Q2 22/23		Q1 22/23	
Annually Reported In Staff Survey	dicators  National average or better in all 9 domains	0 domains below national average	Local	2021		2020	

# TRUST PERFORMANCE REPORT BY EXCEPTION

### **Key to Variation and Assurance Icons**

The IPR continues to be developed and to use SPC charts where possible for exception reports. SPC charts use icons to indicate if a process is showing special cause or common cause variation. They also indicate whether the process is able to meet any stated target (indicated by a red line). Here is the key to the icons:

### **Variation**

lcon	Description
How	Special cause variation - cause for concern (indicator where high is a concern)
ومو	Special cause variation - cause for concern (indicator where low is a concern)
(%)	Common cause variation
H	Special cause variation - improvement (indicator where high is good)
(m)	Special cause variation - improvement (indicator where low is good)

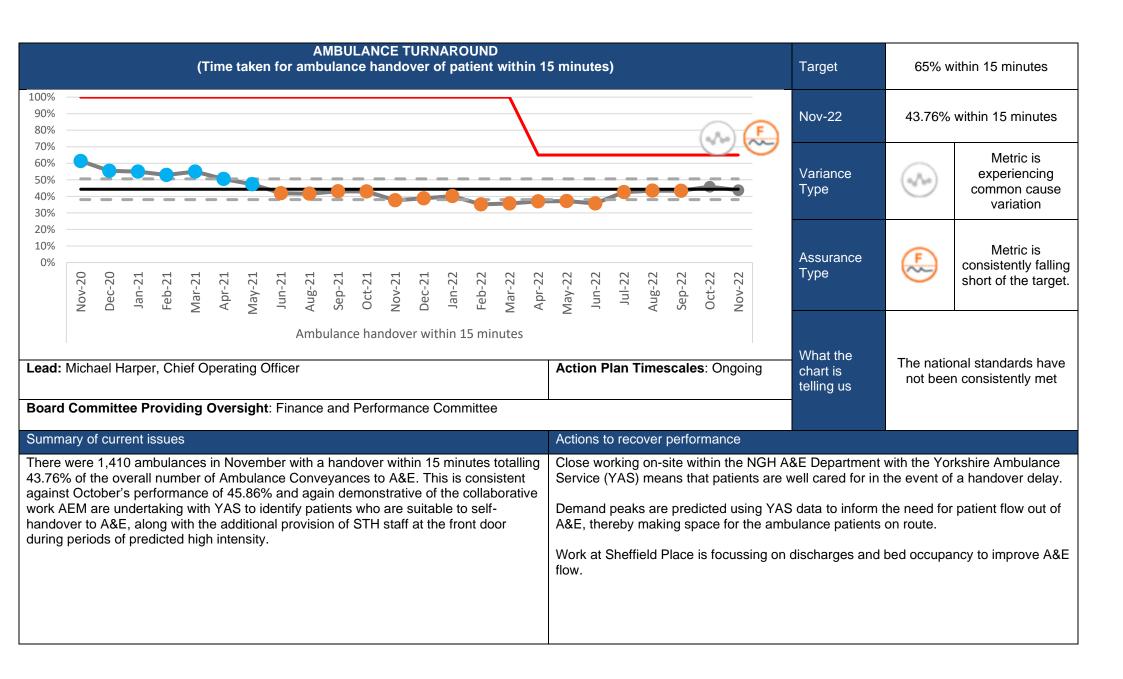
### **Assurance**

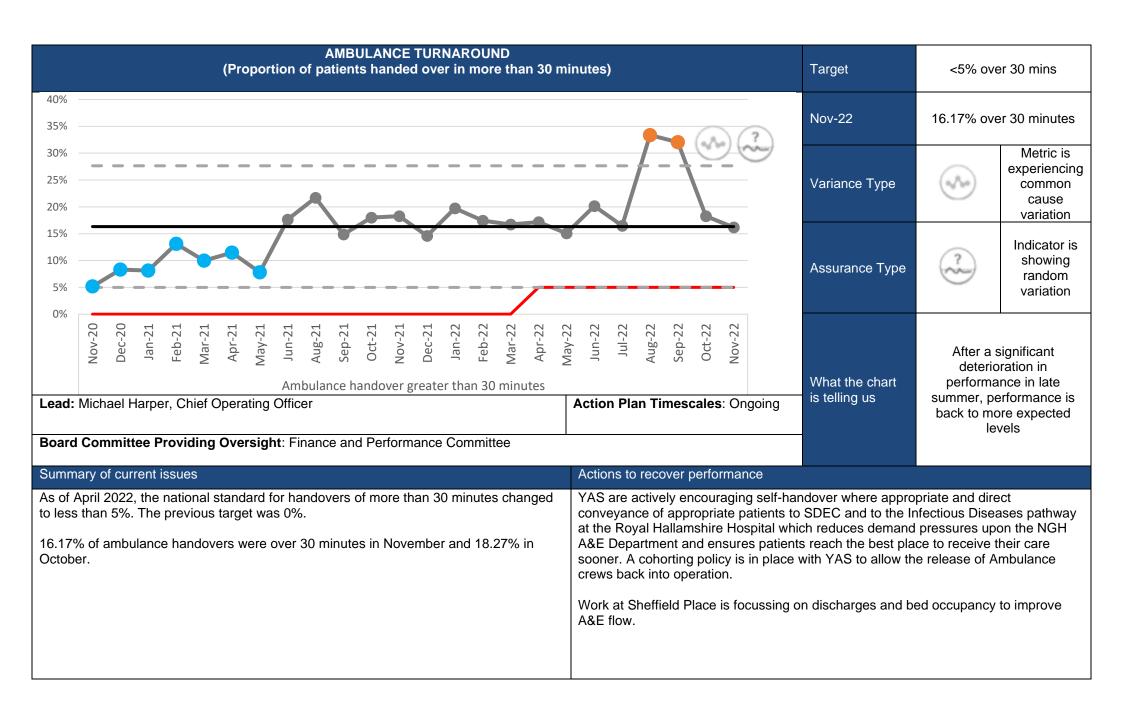
Icon	Description
(F)	The system is expected to consistently fail the target
P	The system is expected to consistently pass the target
?	The system may achieve or fail the target subject to random variation

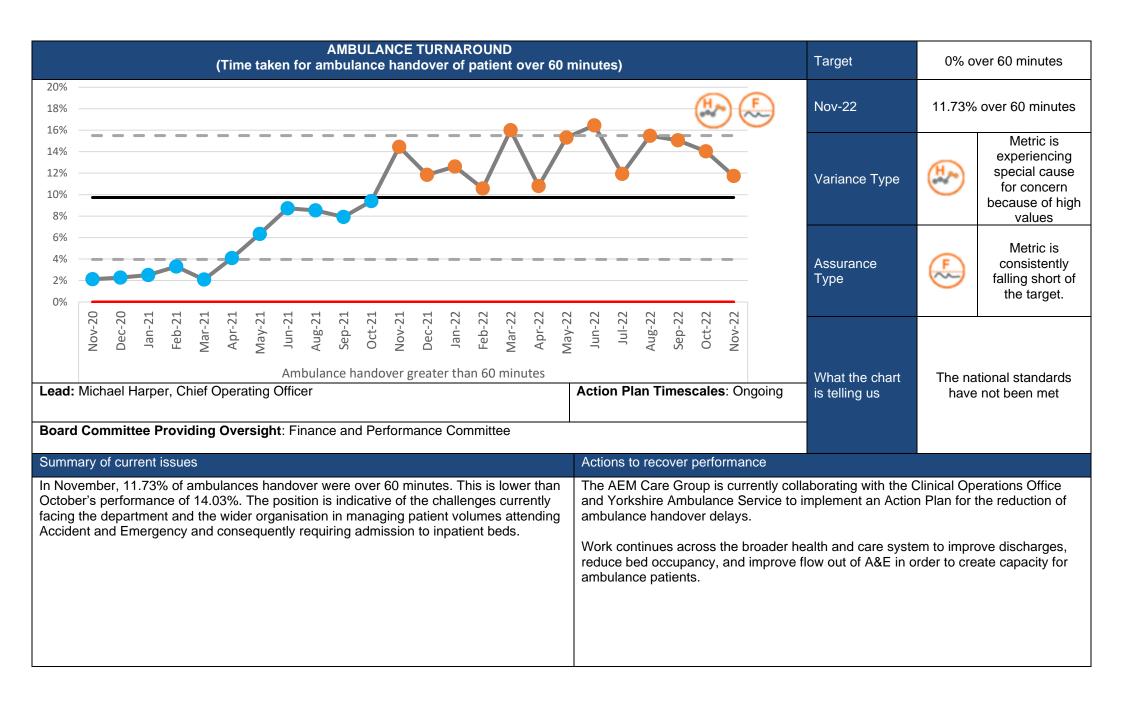
These icons are used to indicate statistical variation. We have identified special cause variation based on three rules which are shown below. If none of these rules are present, then the metric is showing common cause variation.

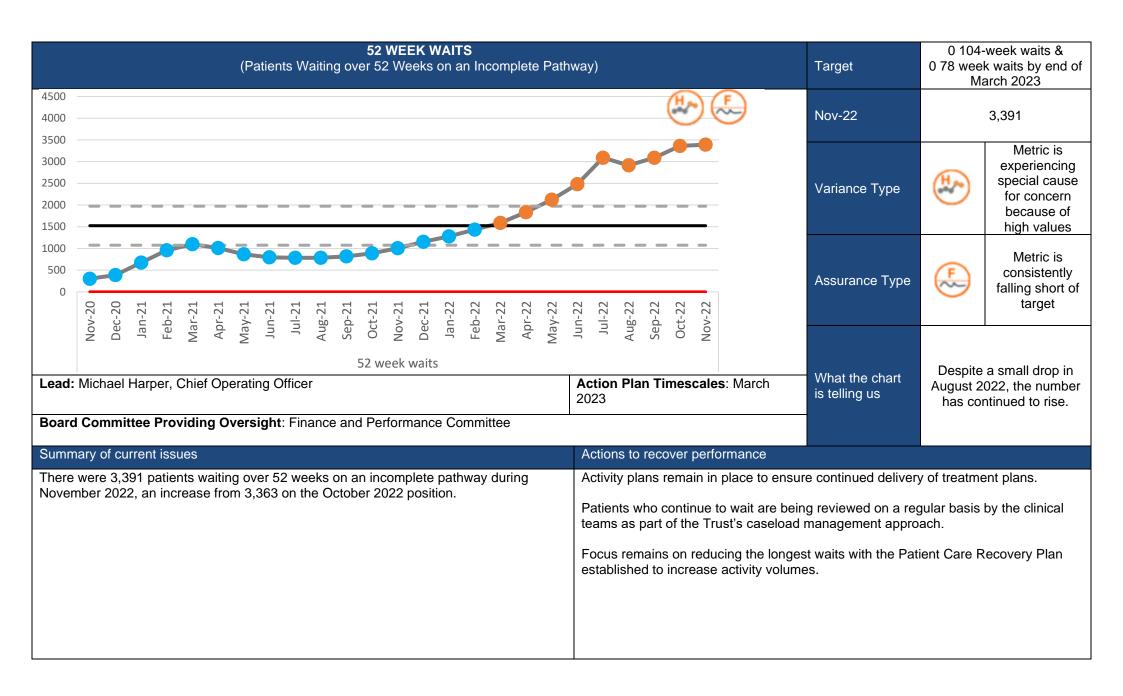
- An upward or downwards trend in performance for seven or more consecutive months.
- Seven or more months above or below the average.
- One month or more outside the control limits

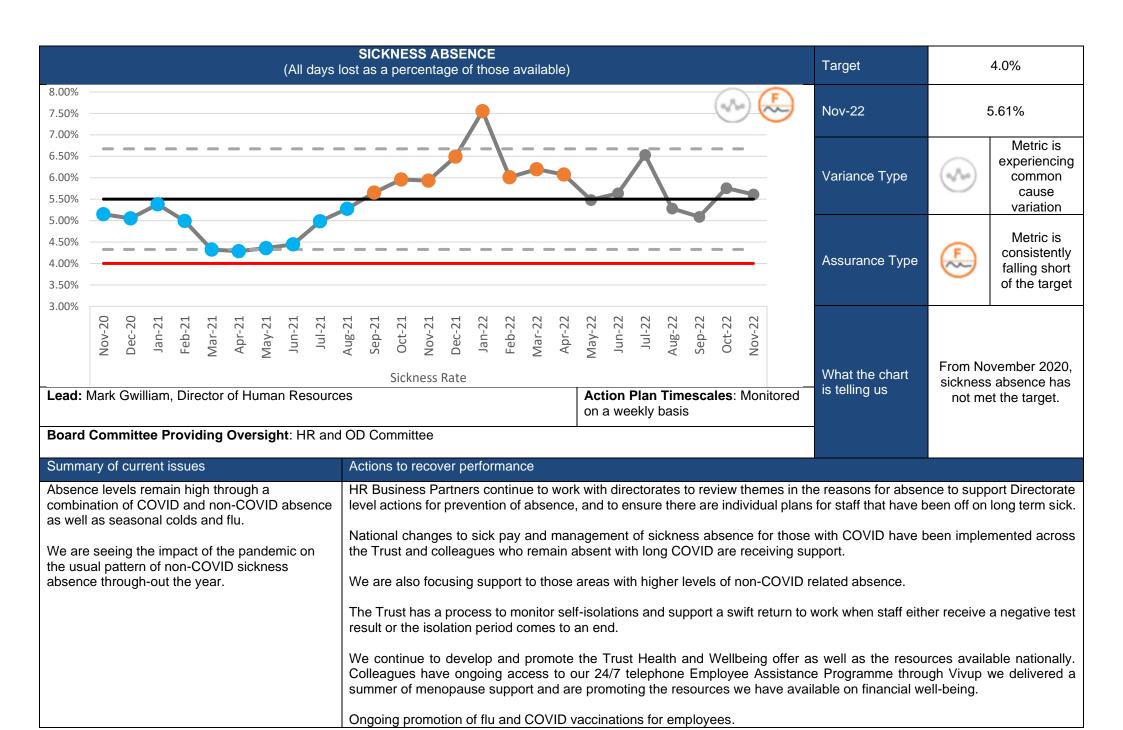
These icons are used to indicate if a target is likely to be achieved next month, has the potential to be achieved or is expected to fail.

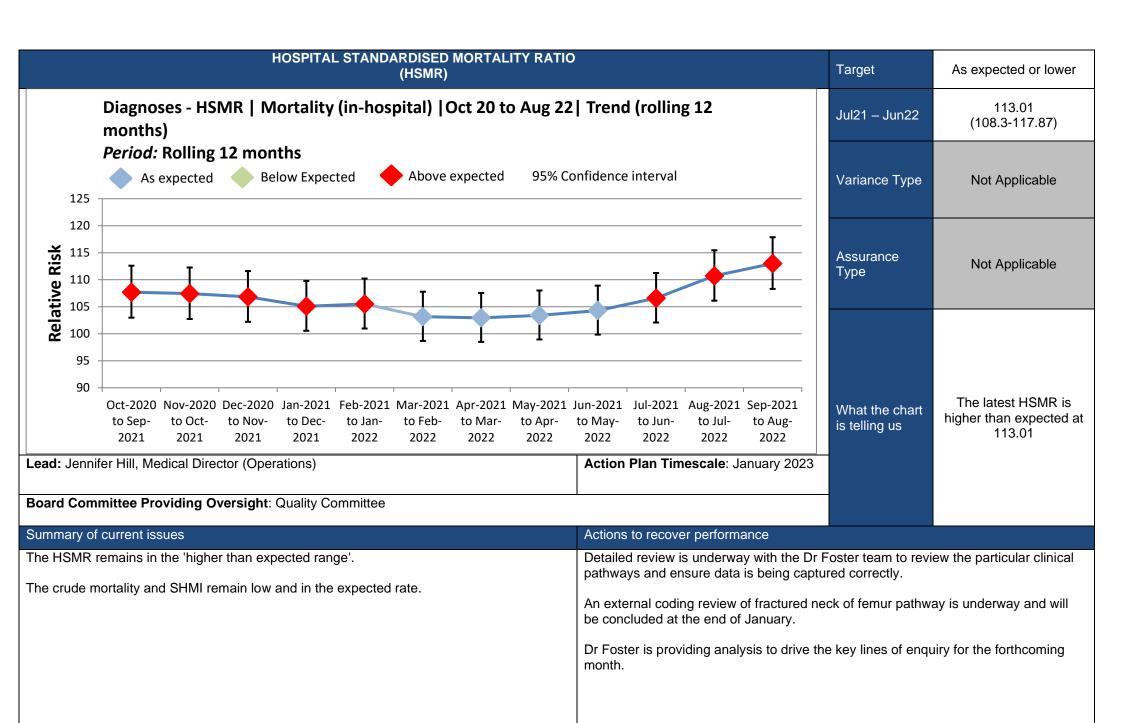


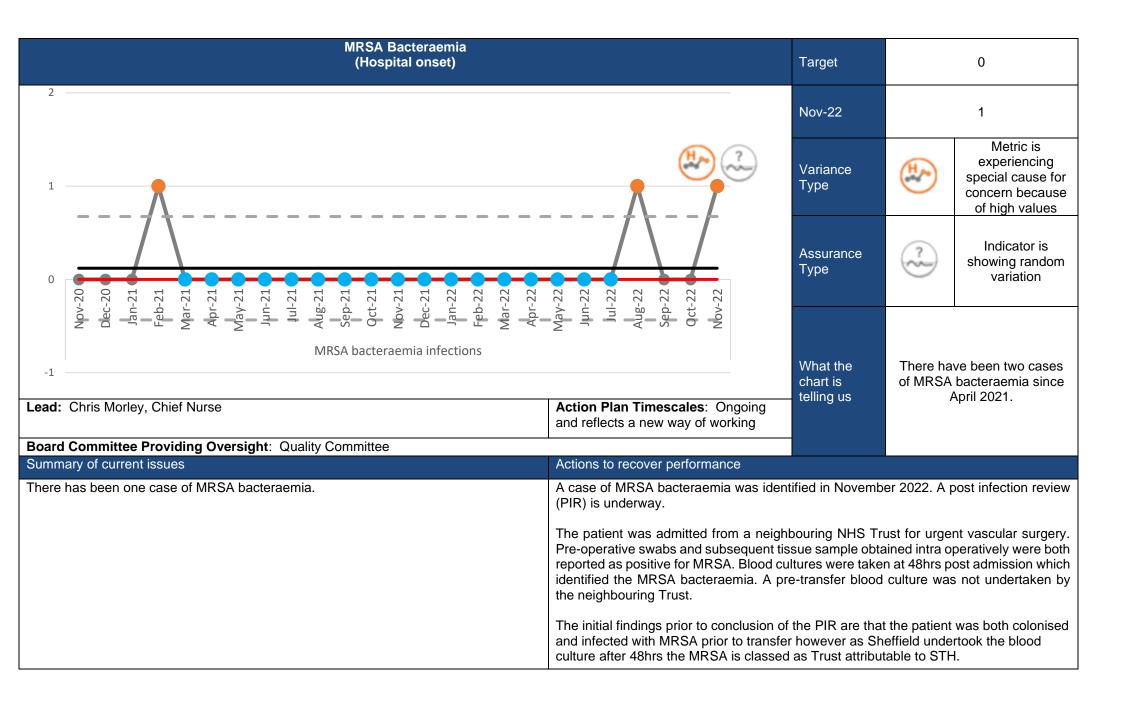


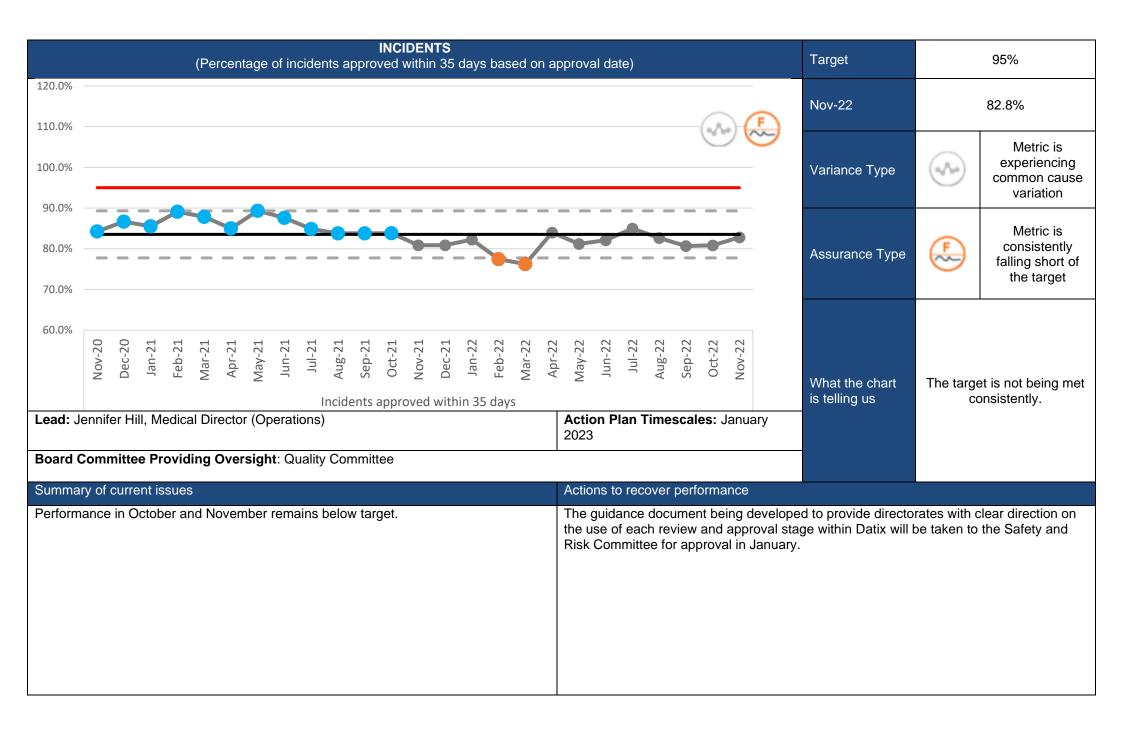


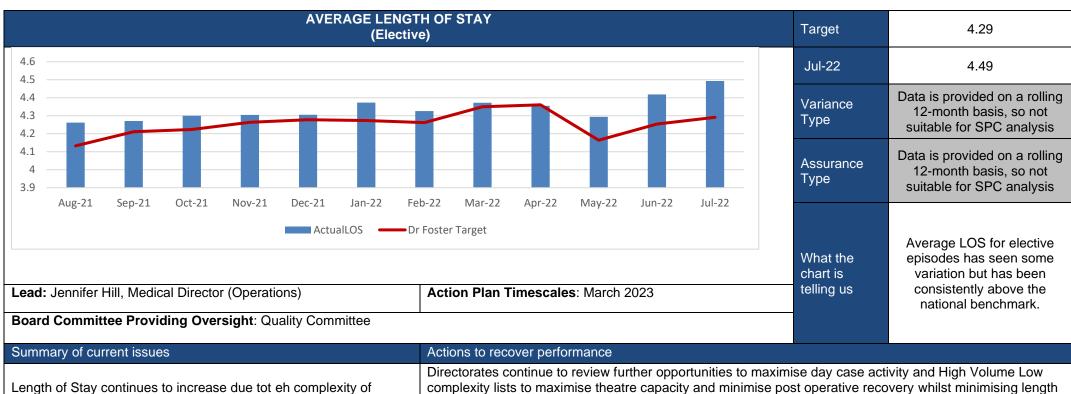












patients being admitted and current operational pressures.

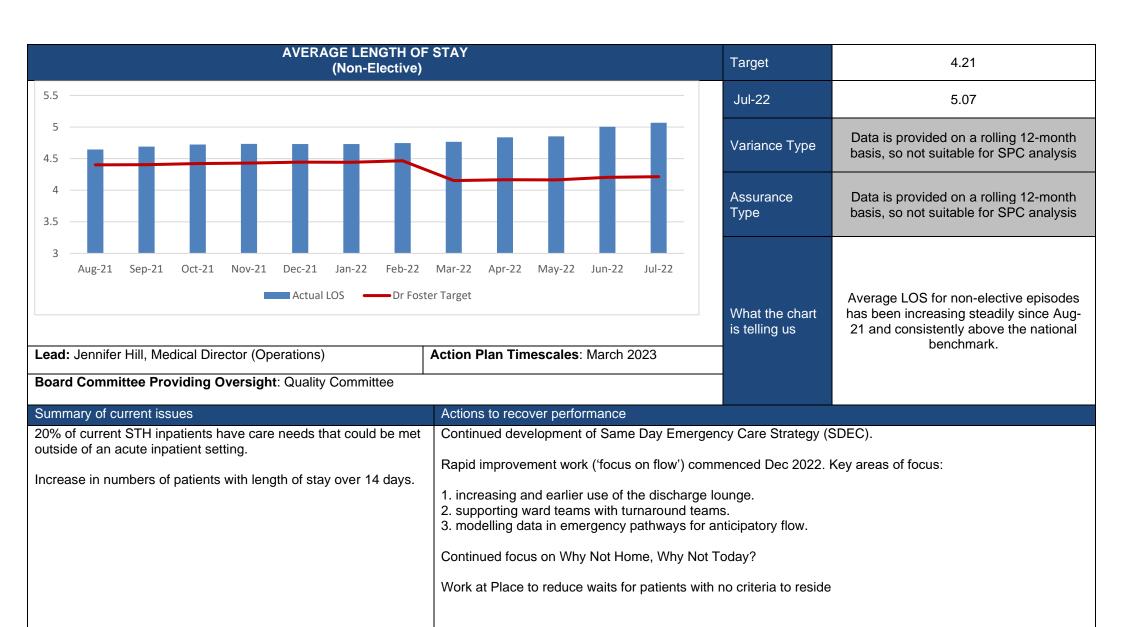
Clinical teams have identified an increase in post operative length of stay due to the work required to prepare some complex patients after longer waits for surgery.

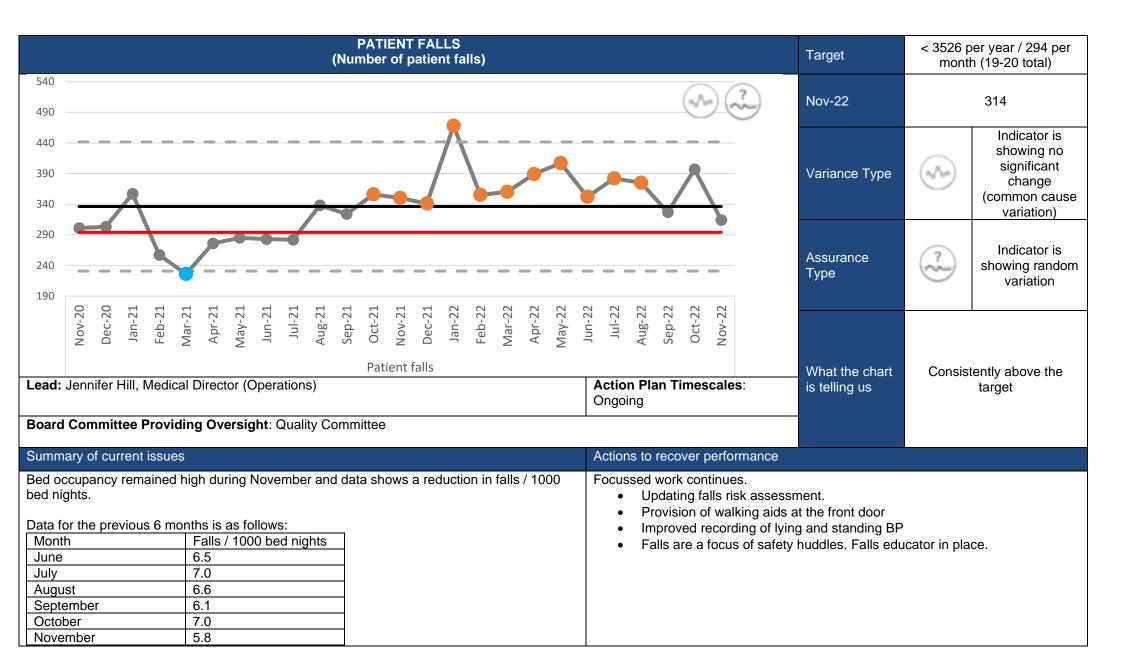
of stay.

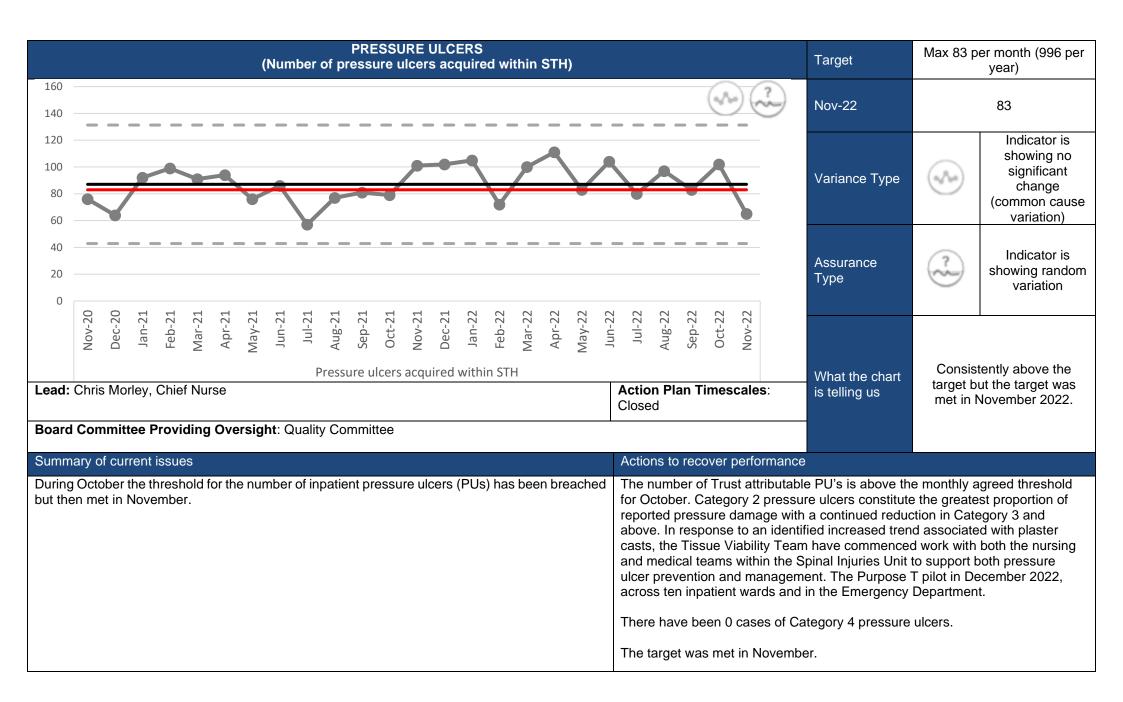
The Theatre Admission Lounge (TAL), for elective admission and discharge, is being re-established at NGH as bed occupancy decreases and wards become available.

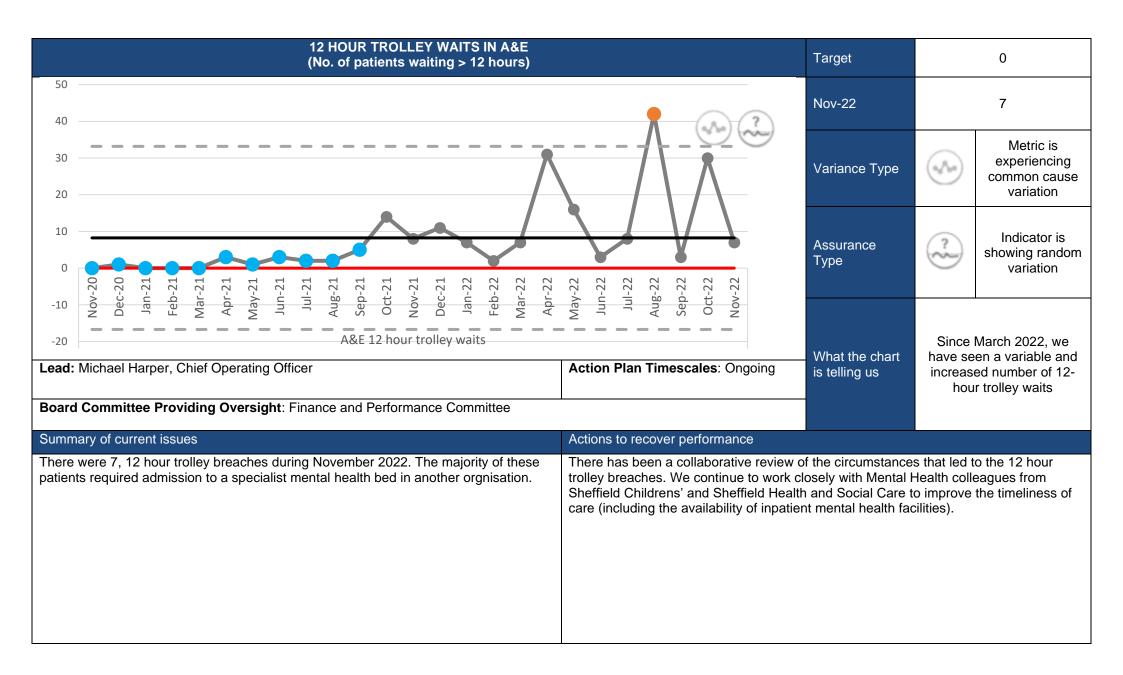
Patient Care Recovery Plan Elective Strand projects include:

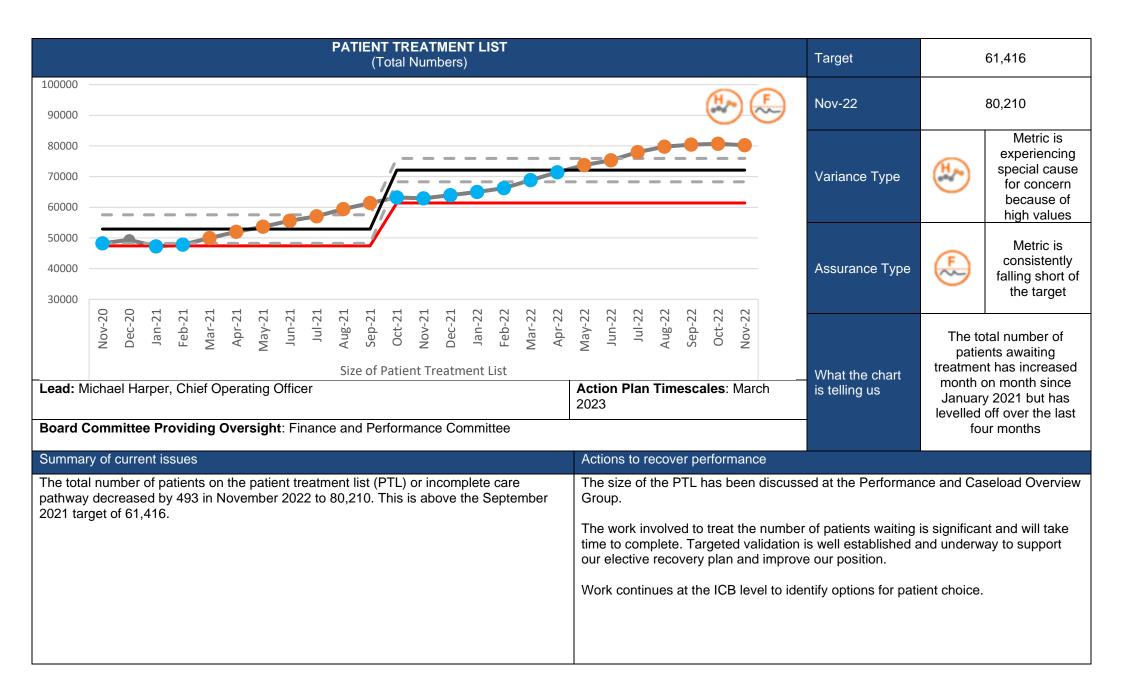
- End to End pathway review and improvement work to reduce LOS in Gynaecology and Orthopaedics
- Work in Bev Stokes to improve day case utilisation, capacity and LOS
- Theatre Admissions Lounge to include Cardiology patients

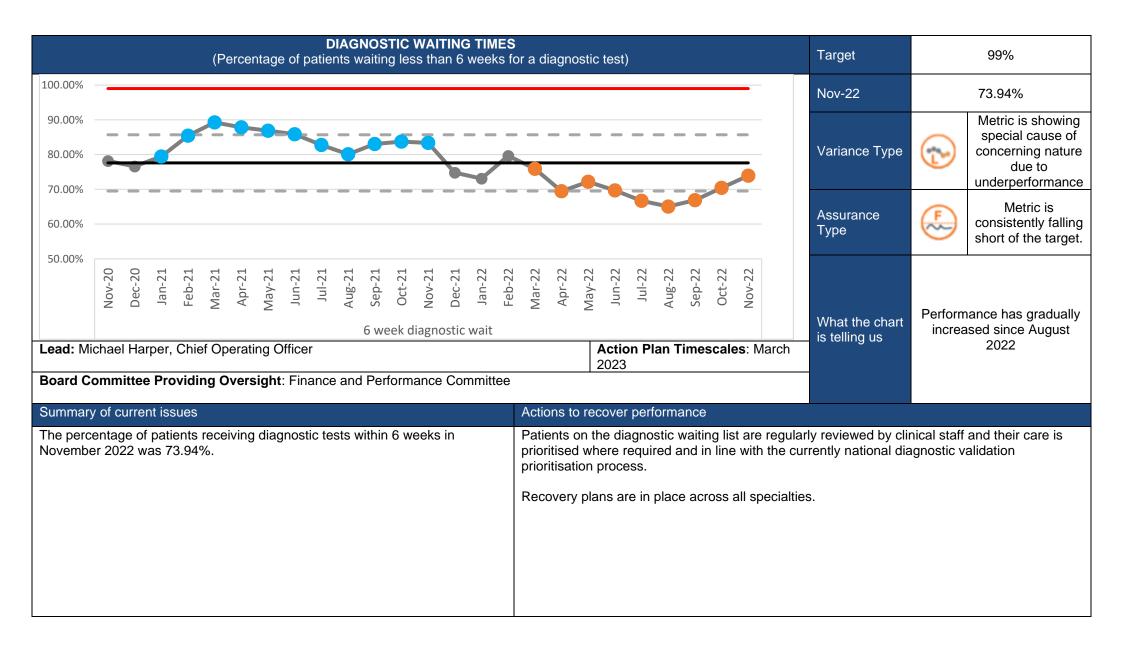


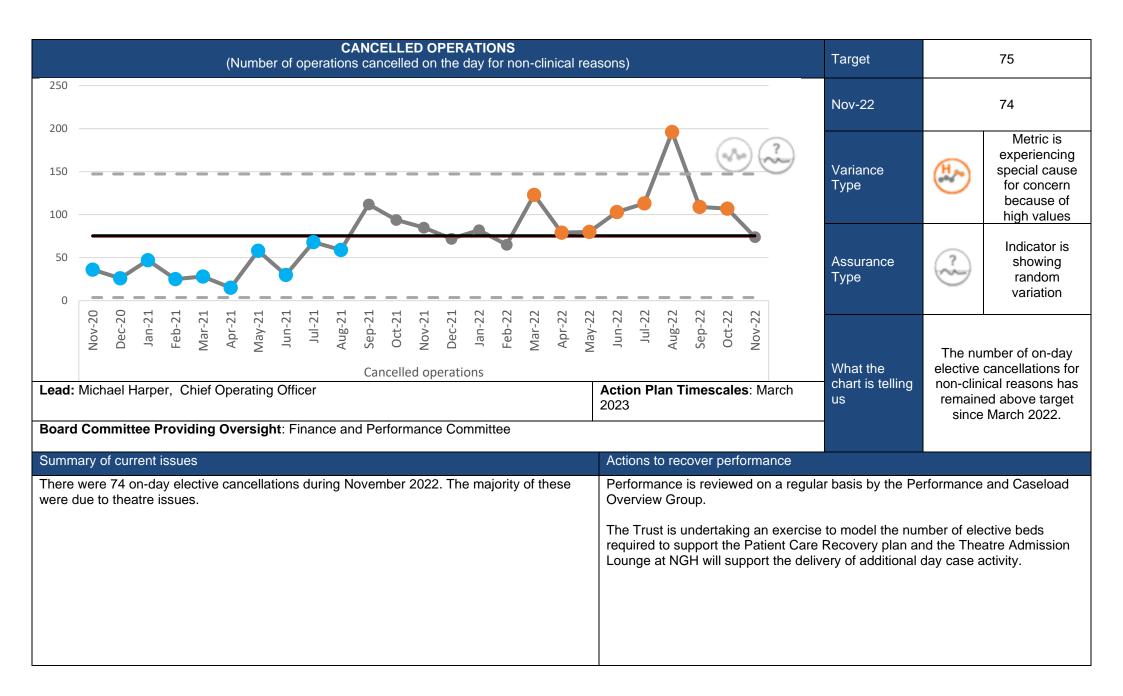


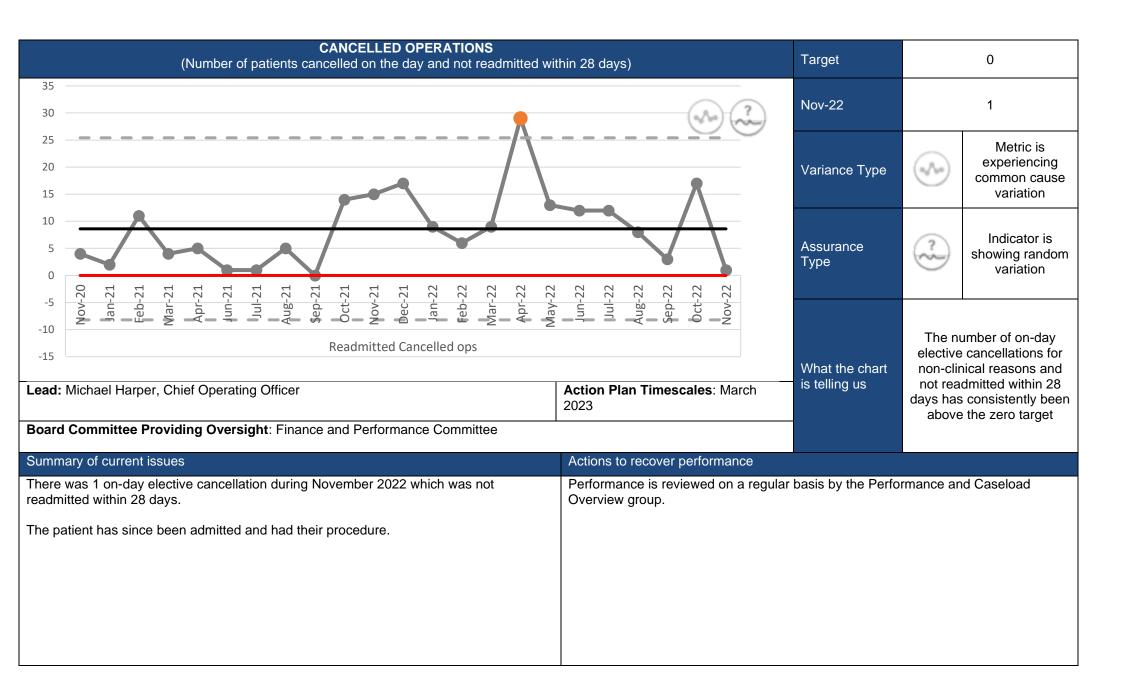


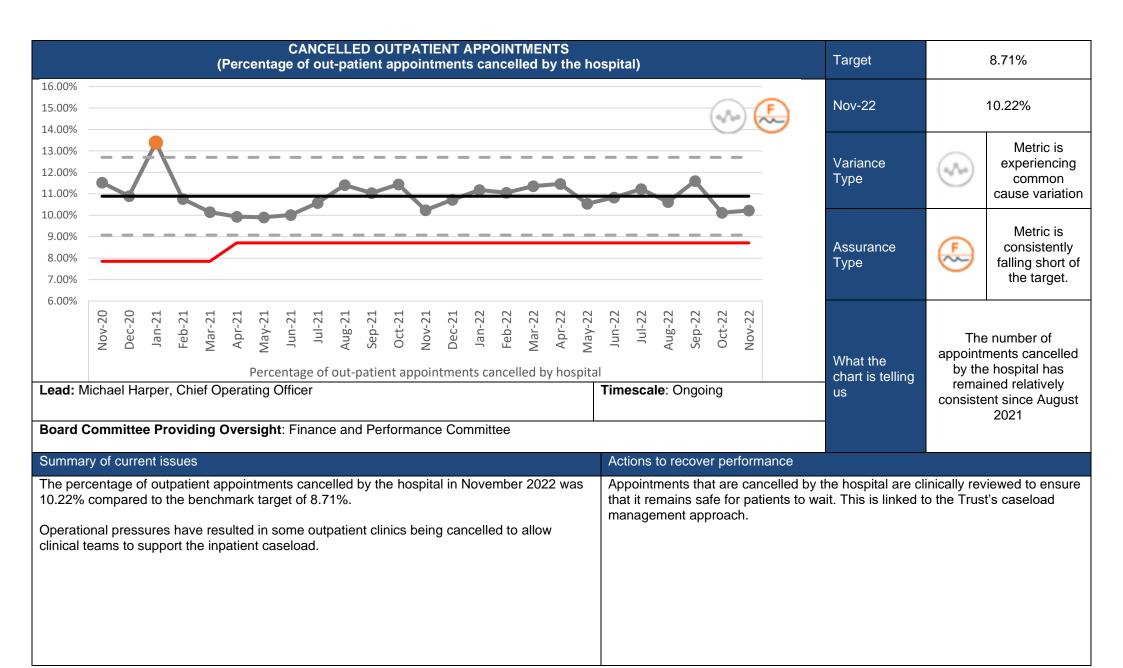


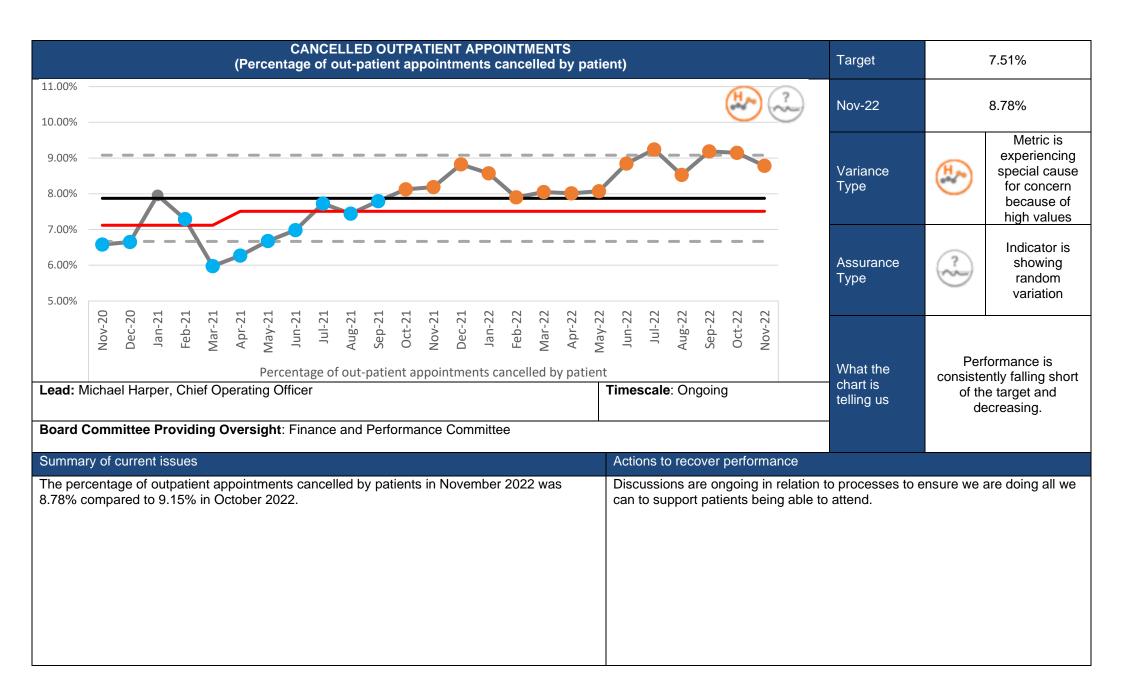


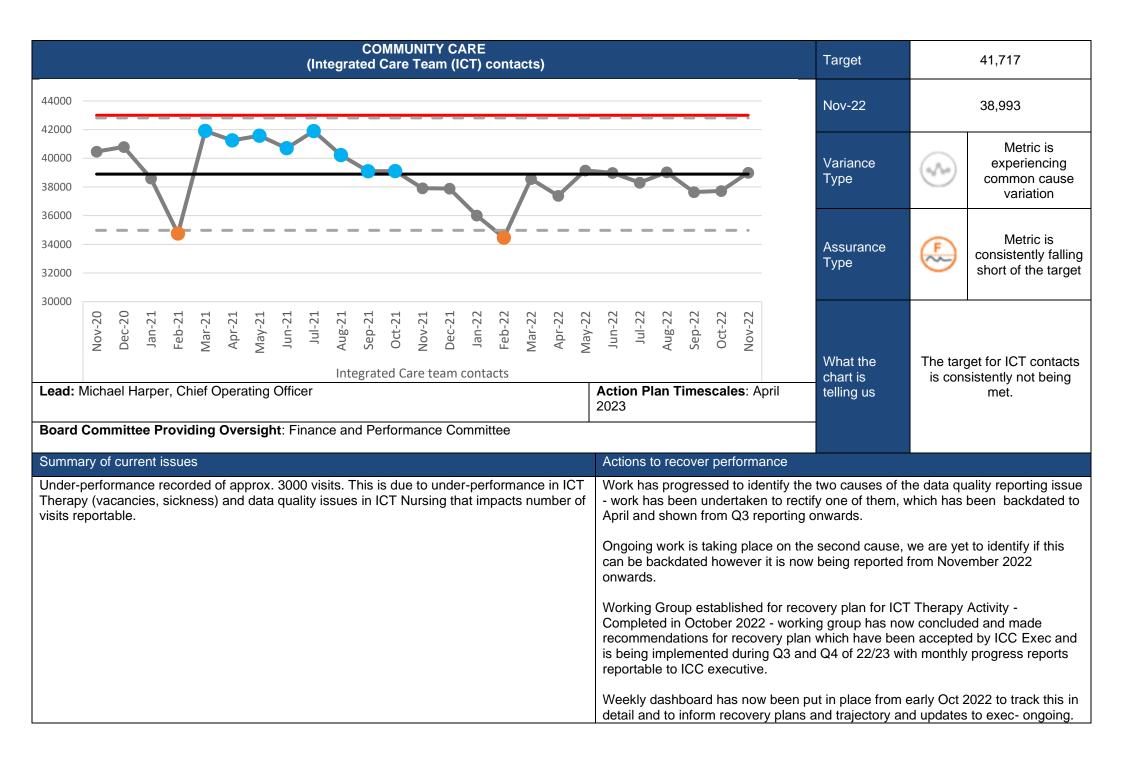


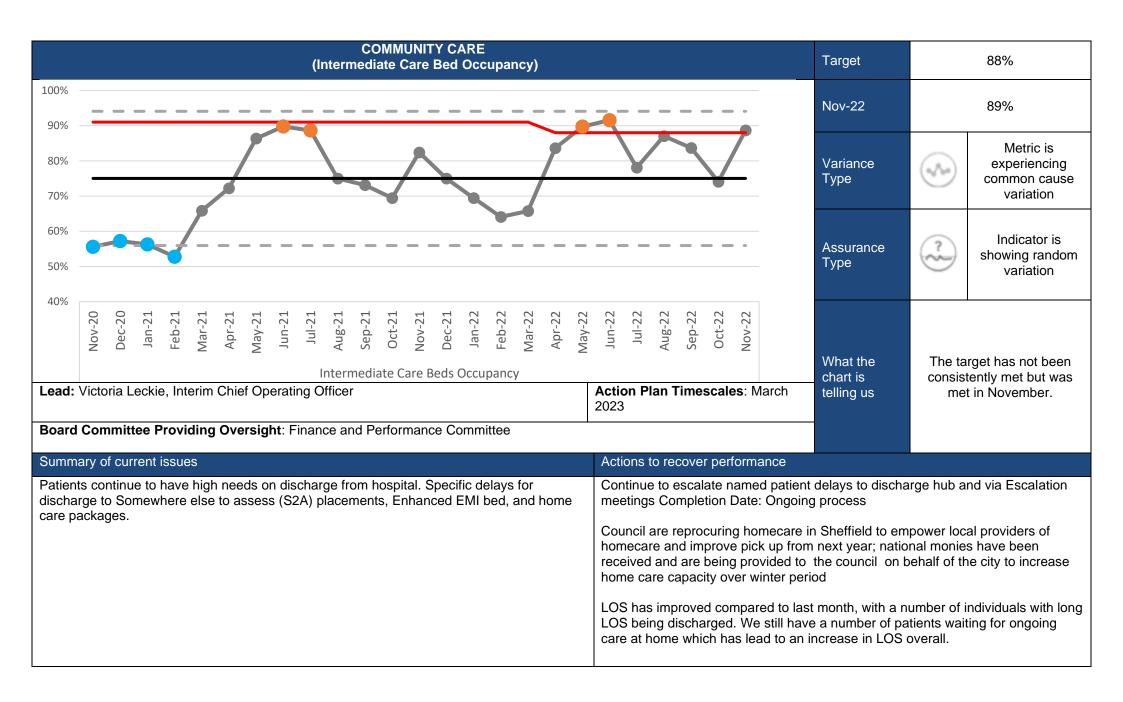


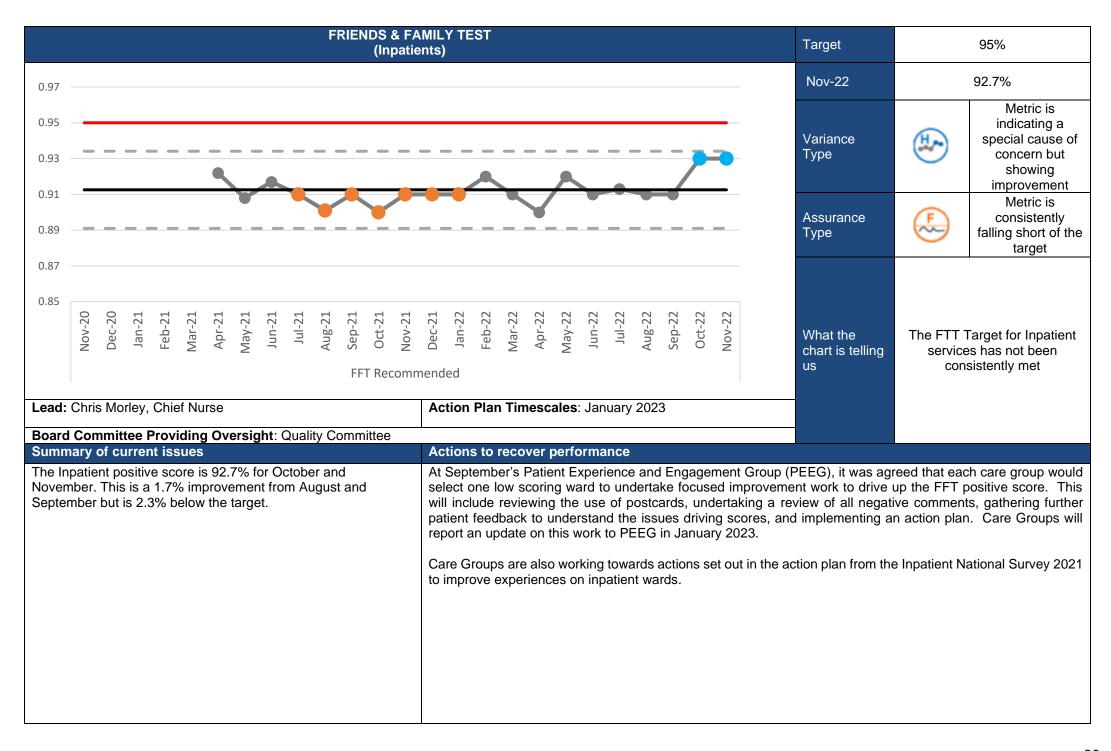


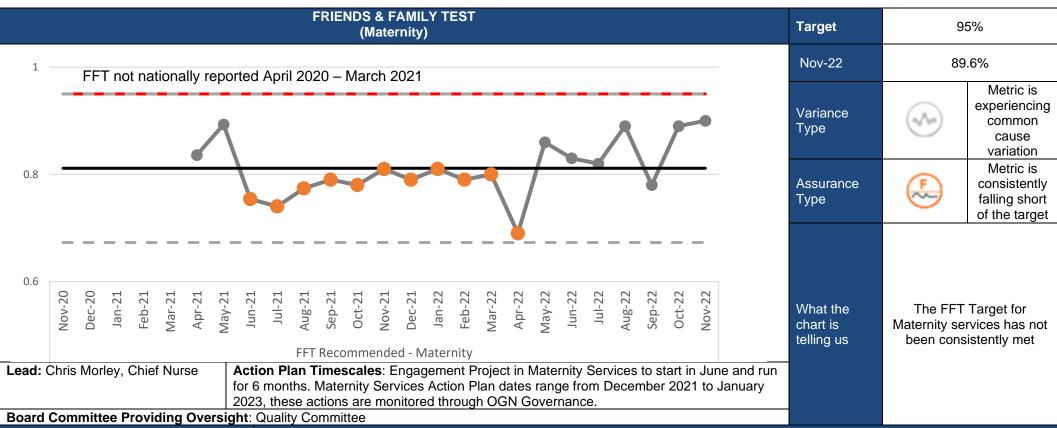












### **Summary of current issues**

Since restarting FFT in November 2020, the target of a 95% positive score has not been achieved.

The Maternity score for October was 88.9% and for November was 89.6%.

The overall score for maternity data is made up of scores relating to 4 phases of care (antenatal, labour, postnatal ward and postnatal community).

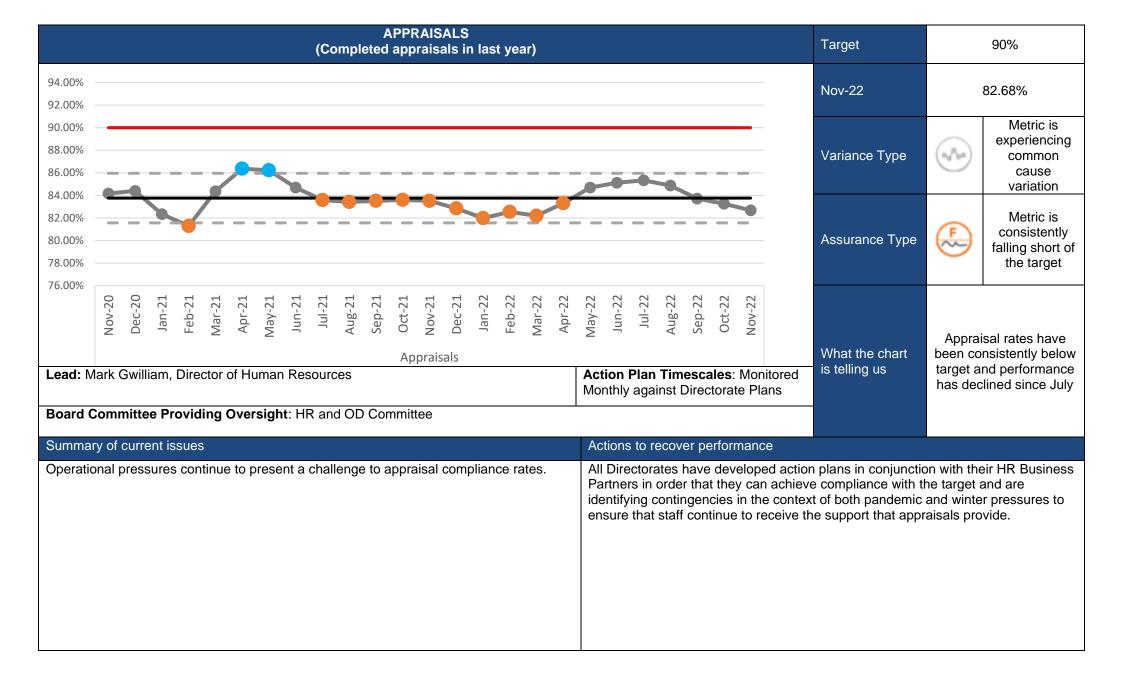
# Actions to recover performance

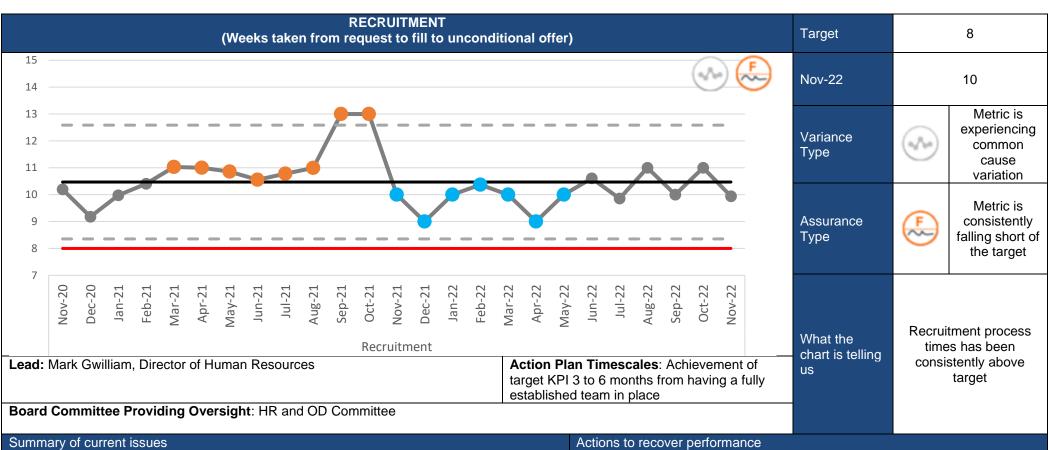
The Maternity Service continues to deliver their improvement programme and scores vary across the four phases, as outlined below with the number of responses in brackets.

Phase	October	November
Antenatal	84.9% (53)	84.6% (39)
Labour	93.3% (105)	93.2% (117)
Postnatal ward	95.2% (62)	90.7% (75)
Postnatal community	79.7% (69)	83.0% (47)

To increase the number of responses received, feedback cards have re-started in maternity services. The use of postcards is being encouraged to increase the response rate and provide more information on the issues impacting on women's experiences.

In addition, an engagement project is underway to proactively gather qualitative feedback from a range of women particularly those who may not have been able to feedback via traditional survey methods. A survey has been created which is available on paper in easy read, and online on a survey platform that enables translation into 98 languages including read aloud. This has been advertised in numerous languages via posters displayed in communities around Sheffield. Visits have also been undertaken to parent and baby groups to gather feedback directly. These visits have been targeted at more deprived areas of the city. Data collection is due to complete in December 2022, findings will be incorporated into the maternity action plan due for presentation at PEEG in January 2023.





There is an ongoing increase in activity for both adverts and volume of appointed candidates.

The recruitment team have been affected by increased absence levels and higher than normal turnover rates.

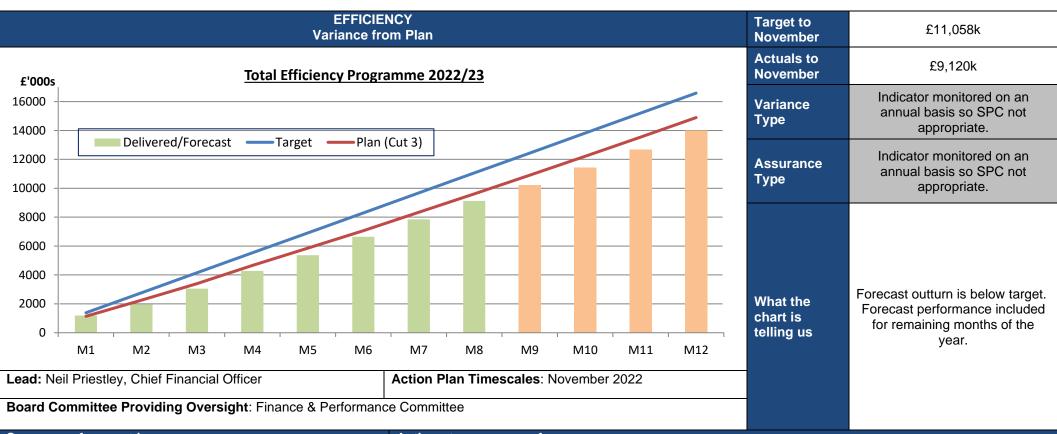
The pandemic has required ongoing work to reset and review processes.

A significant process impact on timescales stems from challenges with accessing clearance documents from candidates which has been made more difficult during the course of the pandemic.

Internal process improvement group in place with oversight from the Director of HR and Staff Development. This includes implementation of a Welcome team to support on-boarding and focused work to improve candidate employment clearance timescales

Additional recruitment resource approved by TEG in response to increasing activity has been in place since the end of October and is being used to clear backlogs due to the high volumes of recruitment. Training of these team members is continuing.

Attraction and Recruitment Strategic and Operational meetings are being establish as a part of the Trusts Getting Back on Track Programme, with positive results from joint work between the Recruitment and Communications teams to improve attraction for Admin posts.



### **Summary of current issues**

For 2022/23 the trust has an efficiency target of 2% (£16,587k). The Directorates have been set a 1% target for the year, with the other 1% being delivered through Central schemes.

Delivery year to date is £9,120k against a target of £11,058k (£1,938k/17.5% behind target). This shortfall is due to both insufficient P&E schemes being identified in the 22/23 Directorate plans (£1,443k), and an under-delivery year to date against the schemes identified (£495k) all of which sits within the Directorates 1%.

Forecast outturn delivery against the 2% target of £16,587k is £13,999k. This represents a 15.6% shortfall of £2,589k.

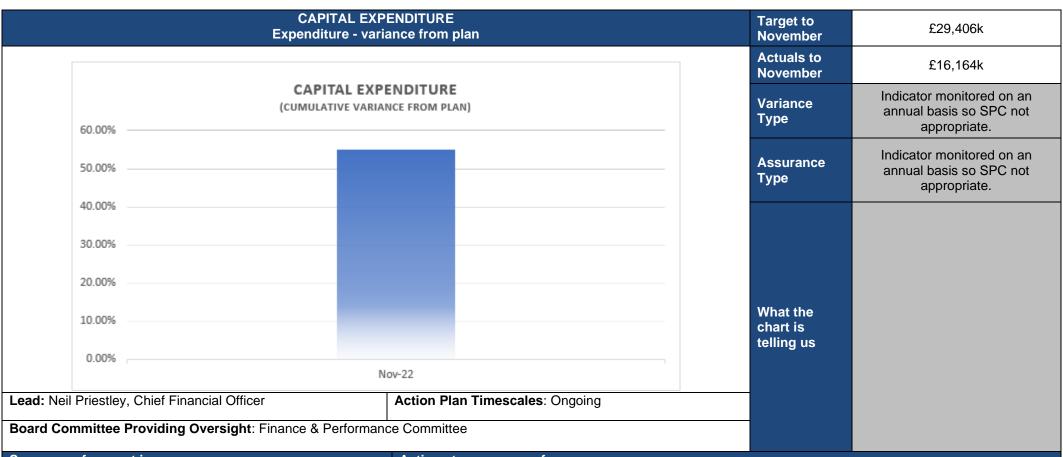
### **Actions to recover performance**

Directorates have been formally set a 1% efficiency target for 22/23 – this has been reduced from a 2% target which was previously assumed, with the other 1% being picked up through central schemes. Cut 3 22/23 Efficiency Plans for Directorates identified £6.4m of schemes against a 1% target of £8.2m – representing a shortfall of £1.8m.

The new Use of Resource approach to P&E has been launced in October, replacing CEO PMO meetings to support the identification of the largest areas of opportunity at the Trust. The first couple of these meetings have been productive in understanding where opportunities are and now action is required in respect of translating these into actual savings.

The focus with directorates has been on the drivers behind the shortfall against the 1% target and discussions on how 'nil value' and 'high risk' schemes identified can be worked up throughout the year to ensure further efficiency is delivered.

Directorates have been asked to note the shortfall against P&E (where relevant) in their 22/23 Financial Plan with the expectation that the 1% target is fully delivered against, to ensure they remain focused on identifying outstanding balances throughout the year.



Summary of current issues	Actions to recover performance
Cumulative capital expenditure to the end of November was £16,164k against a plan of £29,406k, which equates to an under-spend of £13,242k. This is primarily due to re-phasing of major medical equipment delivery into the 3rd quarter of the year and higher than anticipated VAT recovery against capital schemes.	To ensure timely equipment delivery whilst continuing to review the overall capital programme. Programme review will enable Identification of any risks and opportunities for mitigation, and ensure focus is maintained on driving larger schemes to completion in order to achieve target spend for the year.

# DEEP DIVE: MANDATORY AND JOB SPECIFIC ESSENTIAL TRAINING

### 1. Introduction

The following report provides an in-depth analysis of the Trusts Mandatory and Job Specific Essential Training (JSET) performance. Mandatory and JSET is essential for the safe and effective delivery of services, reducing organisational risks and complying with local and national policies and government guidelines. There are no nationally agreed subjects for JSET; the locally adopted definition at STH included in the Induction Mandatory and Job Specific Essential Training policy (2021) is as follows:

Job Specific Essential Training will apply to training for certain staff groups that enables an individual to practice safely and effectively, ensuring they have the skills and knowledge required to be 'fit for purpose' in that job. This training relates to identified risks associated with the nature and purpose of that particular Group, Directorate and/or job. This may include elements of statutory training for some staff. All Mandatory and JSET subjects are accessed and recorded within the Personal Achievement Learning Management System (PALMS) and the system for reporting and monitoring is embedded across the organisation with reports on mandatory training fed through to the Board in the Integrated Performance Report. Nominated committees receive a training compliance report for the mandatory and JSET they are responsible for overseeing.

### 2. Developments in 2022

The Induction, Mandatory and Job Specific Training Policy has been reviewed and refreshed in 2022. The Trust's mandatory training provision aligns with the Core Skills Training Framework (CSTF) which sets out ten statutory and mandatory training topics for staff working in health and social care settings and includes nationally agreed learning outcomes and training delivery standards. By adopting this framework, STH can facilitate the smooth transfer of staff between NHS organisations. Work continues to maintain the performance for the current twelve JSET subjects and a Mandatory and JSET panel has been established to ratify existing subjects and approve existing and new Mandatory and JSET requirements. The panel meets regularly to:

- I. Confirm that the subject meets the criteria to be categorised as JSET.
- II. Agree and validate the audience (those staff who need the training).
- III. Implement roll-out of a training package and make available via PALMs.
- IV. Agree trajectory with timescales to achieve 90% compliance.

### 3. Mandatory Training - Target 90% - overall position

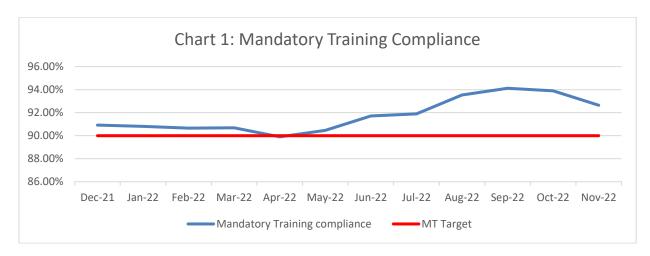


Chart 1 shows that performance for mandatory training has consistently achieved the 90% target. Resuming face to face training, engaging with subject leads, professional leads and key stakeholders in each of the directorates has contributed to this achievement alongside the commitment from managers and staff to maintain and enhance their knowledge and skills. Given the operational pressures facing our services, maintaining this level of performance is a success story demonstrating the commitment and expertise from our educators, managers and operational teams. Learning Education and Development have led on much of this work implementing effective systems for providing accurate and timely training data and supporting managers, teams and training leads.

### 3.1 Mandatory Training – by staff group

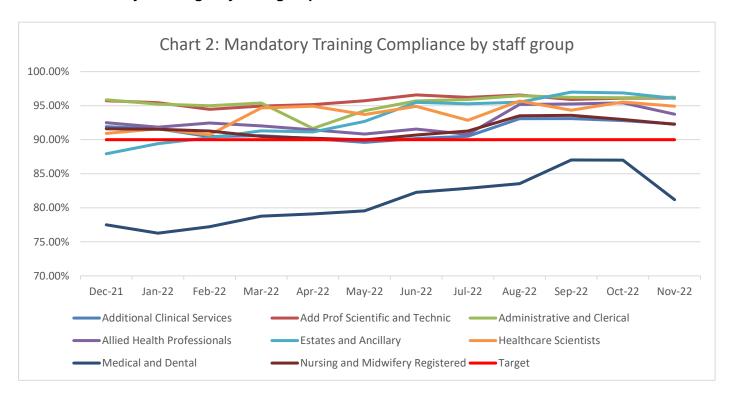
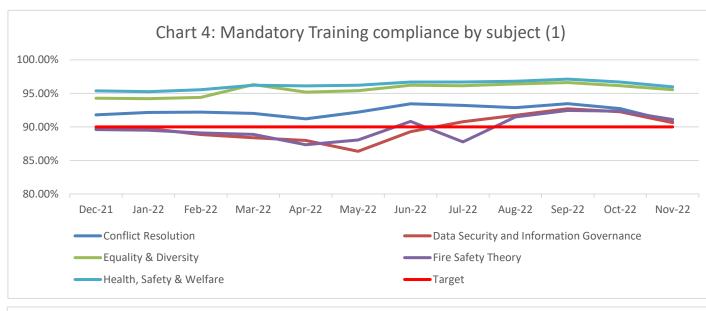


Chart 2 shows that performance for mandatory training has consistently achieved the 90% target for all staff groups with the exception of medical and dental staff. The Trust's Learning Management System (PALMS) is integrated with ESR which means that mandatory training records are transferred for new starters when they are coming from an NHS Trust which is also signed up to the mandatory training passport scheme. This process is being reviewed for doctors on rotation to ensure training that is currently in date is not being requested unnecessarily. Learning, Education and Development are working with the Medical Directors office to provide regular reports with more details in respect of performance by speciality, grade and directorate to agree actions and support to achieve the required level of performance.

# 3.2 Mandatory Training by subject



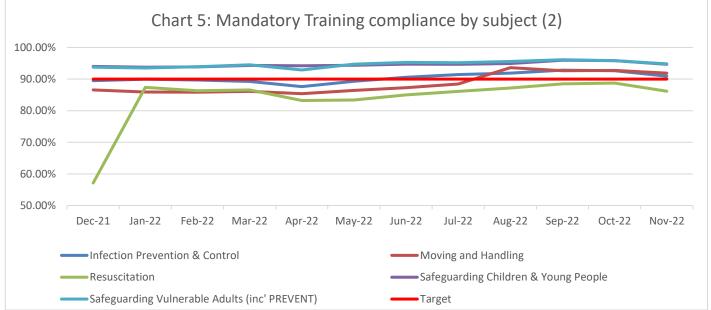


Chart 4 & 5 shows that with the exception of Resuscitation training all mandatory subjects are performing at 90% or above. The Resuscitation training team are focussing on targeting the right people for training, i.e., only delivering to staff where the training is a requirement for their role. Moving and Handling and Resuscitation training rely on face-to-face delivery and performance has been adversely affected when Covid restrictions have impacted on the ability to deliver classroom-based

training. Directorate managers are sent reports monthly showing staff with outstanding mandatory training. Subject leads are aware of the need to make reasonable adjustments when requested so that our training is accessible to all. These adjustments can include enabling accessible formats for individuals that require them.

# 4. JSET Training - Target 90% - overall position

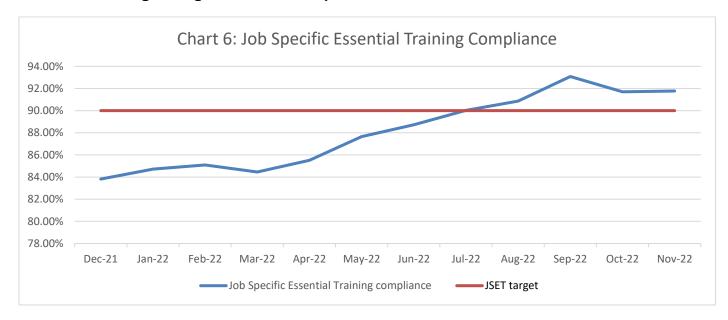


Chart 6 shows performance for the current 12 JSET subjects has achieved the 90% target. This represents a "good news story" for STH with the 90% target consistently achieved since June 2022. The performance achieved is a direct result of the collaborative, purposeful and patient first focus from our educators, managers and operational teams. Learning Education and Development have led on much of this work implementing effective systems for agreeing, delivering, recording and reporting training taking into account the needs of individuals and operational teams.

# 4.1 JSET by staff group

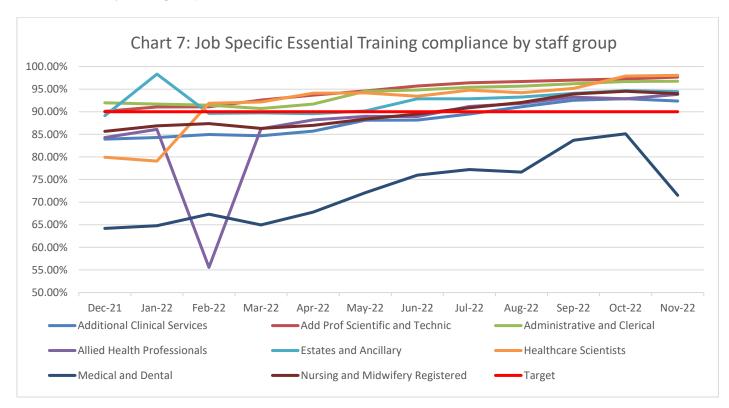
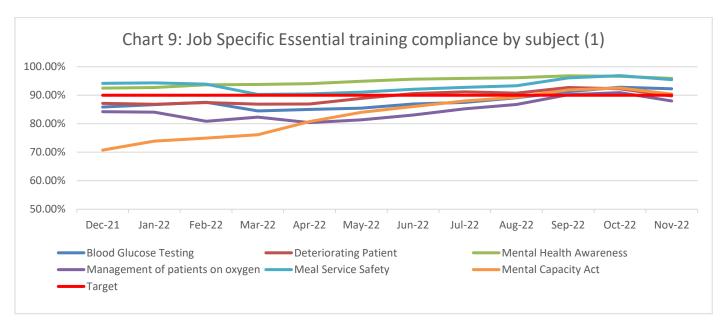


Chart 7 shows that performance for JSET has consistently achieved the 90% target for all staff groups with the exception of medical and dental staff. The JSET panel have ratified all twelve JSET subjects to validate the training content, delivery method and target audience with a goal of ensuring that the training is evidence based, accessible and being delivered only to the staff that need it. Learning, Education and Development are working with the Medical Directors office to provide regular reports with more details in respect of performance by speciality, grade and directorate to agree actions and support to achieve the required level of performance.

# 4.3 JSET by subject



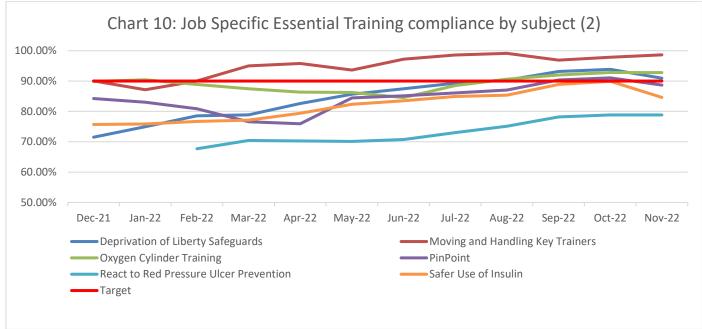


Chart 9 & 10 shows the improvement in JSET performance for the current twelve subjects. The JSET panel has carefully considered all requests for new subjects to be categorised as JSET applying a consistent set of criteria and assessing associated risks.

### 5. Future Work Programme

The Learning, Education and Development team oversee a programme of work to ensure that all staff complete the mandatory and JSET required for their role. Work continues to agree local JSET requirements at a directorate level with a dashboard reporting system set up in PALMS ready to go live when audiences have been ratified.

Key activity for the next twelve months includes:

- Continue to send reports showing non-compliance for named individuals to Clinical, Nursing and Operations Directors as well as corporate leads monthly to facilitate timely action so that all of our staff complete the mandatory training and JSET assigned to their role.
- Continue to support JSET performance through the Performance Framework Management structure.
- Continue to provide Mandatory and JSET reporting to MBB and the People Committee.
- Incorporating JSET into the Integrated Performance Report.
- Ensure that new subjects are introduced in a planned and timely way.
- Support directorates to identify and maintain local JSET requirements.
- Support subject leads to develop workable training capacity plans, keep their training materials up-to-date, accessible and fit for purpose.
- Provide the identified lead group or committee for all mandatory and JSET with regular performance reports working collaboratively to develop action plans where there are gaps in compliance.
- Feeding learning from incidents into training curricula.
- Evaluating staff feedback on the mandatory and JSET provision.

# PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK & DIRECTORATE DASHBOARDS

The Performance Management Framework (PMF) provides a mechanism to review how safe, effective, and efficient patient care is delivered within each directorate. This performance is measured against a set of agreed targets.

During a yearly review each directorate is assessed against a set of performance criteria and then a hierarchical level is allocated. There are three levels, 1, 2 and 3; level 3 identifies the most pressurised areas, and the Trust Executive Group (TEG) is involved in the support of these Directorates.

### PMF Level 1 Directorates (Standard)

D	I&EN	Diabetes & Endocrinology	
IC	CC	Integrated Community Care	
T	H&P	Therapeutics and Palliative Care	
N	IEUR	Neurosciences	
C	PHT	Ophthalmology	Level 1 reviews take place on a bi-monthly basis. The
L	ABM	Laboratory Medicine	Performance and Information Director attends the review with
P	LAS	Plastic Surgery	members of the directorate as appropriate.
IC	G&SM	Geriatric and Stroke Medicine	
E	NT	ENT	
R	RESP	Respiratory Medicine	
С	RCA	Critical Care	

### PMF Level 2 Directorates (Watching Brief)

OR&DE	Oral & Dental Services	
MSK	MSK	
CARD	Cardiac Services	
RENA	Renal Services	Level 2 reviews take place on a monthly basis. These reviews
CD&S	Communicable Diseases and Specialised Medicine	are attended by members of the directorate as decided by the
SP&R	Specialised Rehabilitation	Operational Director along with the Performance and
UROL	Urology	Information Director
GSUR	General Surgery	
PHAR	Pharmacy	
GAST	Gastro and Hepatology	

### PMF Level 3 Directorates (Highest Priority)

EmCr	Acute and Emergency Medicine	
OGN	Obstetrics, Gynaecology & Neonatology	Level 3 reviews take place on a monthly basis. The reviews are
OPA	Operating Services & Anaesthetics	attended by both directorate and TEG members along with the
VASC	Vascular Services	Performance and Information Director.
scs	Specialised Cancer Services	
M&MP	MIMP	

Indicator	Metric	*R	*D													
10 weeks DTT		K	*R													
18 weeks RTT	Percentage of admitted patients treated within 18 weeks (90%)															
	Percentage of non-admitted patients treated within 18 weeks (90%)														•	
	Percentage of patients on incomplete pathways	•													•	
MRSA	waiting less than 18 weeks Hospital onset															
MSSA	Hospital onset		_											_	_	
C.diff	Hospital onset		_		-									_	_	_
Serious	Number of serious incidents (SI)				-							_		_	_	
Incidents	Approved SI Report submitted within timescales					_							_	_	_	
Incidents	Number of finally approved incidents based on									_	_				•	
meidenis	incident date	_				_									•_	
	Percentage of incidents approved within 35 days based on approval date															
Average Length of Stay (by	Average Length of Stay Elective															
discharges)	Average Length of Stay Non Elective															
Never Events	Number of never events														•	
52 week waits	Actual numbers	•												•	•	
6 week	Percentage of patients seen within 6 weeks										_			_	_	
diagnostic Cancelled	Number of operations cancelled on the day for non	-		-	-					-			-	_	_	
Operations	Clinical reasons  Number of patients cancelled on the day and not		-	-	-						-	-		_	_	
Cancelled	readmitted within 28 days Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled													_	_	-
Outpatient	by hospital															
appointments	Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled by patient					_								_	•_	
DNA rate	Percentage of new out-patient appointments where patients DNA															
	Percentage of follow-up out-patient appointments where patients DNA															
Cancer Waits	62 days from referral to treatment (GP referral)															
	Patient seen within 2 weeks of urgent referral														•	
	31 day first treatment from referral		•											•	•	
	Breast symptomatic seen within 2 weeks														•	
e-Referral	Percentage of eligible GP referrals received through				_									_	_	_
Service Ethnic group	Electronic Referral Service Percentage of inpatient admissions with a valid		_	-	-									_	_	_
data collection Elective	ethnic group code Variance from contract schedules				-									_	_	
Inpatient activity Non elective	Variance from contract schedules											_			_	
inpatient activity New outpatient	Variance from contract schedules				_					_	_					
attendances		_				_										
Follow up op attendances	Variance from contract schedules															
Complaints	Percentage of complaints closed within agreed timescales															
FFT Recommended	Patients recommending STH for Inpatient treatment															
Day surgery rates	Aggregate percentage of all BADS procedures recommended to be treated as day case or															
Mixed Sex	Number of breaches of Mixed Sex Accommodation														•	
Accommodatio Sickness	standard All days lost as a percentage of those available					•								_	•	
Absence Appraisals	Completed appraisals in last year													_	_	
Mandatory	Overall percentage of completed mandatory training													_	_	
Training I & E	YTD actual I & E surplus/deficit in comparison to													_		
Efficiency	YTD plan I & E surplus/deficit  Variance from plan													_		
	valiation from plan															

		DI&EN EmCr GAST P				PHAR RESP ICC IG&SM TH&PC OR&D ENT N							
Indicator	Metric	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R	*R
18 weeks RTT	Percentage of admitted patients treated within 18 weeks (90%)												
	Percentage of non-admitted patients treated within 18 weeks (90%)												
	Percentage of patients on incomplete pathways waiting less than 18 weeks									•			
MRSA bacteraemia	Hospital onset	•		_				•	_	•			•
MSSA	Hospital onset									•			
bacteraemia C.diff	Hospital onset								_	_	_	_	
Serious Incidents	Number of serious incidents (SI)	_	-		_		•	_	_	_	_		
	Approved SI Report submitted within timescales		•		•				_	•	_		
Incidents	Number of finally approved incidents based on		-						_	•	_	_	
	incident date Percentage of incidents approved within 35 days		•					•	_	•	_		•
	based on approval date Average Length of Stay Elective	_	-	_					_	_	_		-
of Stay (by discharges)	Average Length of Stay Non Elective		-					_	_	_	_	-	-
Never Events	Number of never events		_					_	_	_	_		
52 week waits	Actual numbers		_					_	_	_	_		
6 week	Percentage of patients seen within 6 weeks		_	_				_	_	_	_		
diagnostic Cancelled	Number of operations cancelled on the day for non	_	_	_	_	-	-		_	_	_	-	-
Operations	Clinical reasons  Number of patients cancelled on the day and not	_	_	_	_			_	_	_	_		
Cancelled	readmitted within 28 days  Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled												
Outpatient appointments	by hospital  Percentage of out-patient appointments cancelled									_	_		_
DNA rate	by patient			_									
DINA rate	Percentage of new out-patient appointments where patients DNA											•	
	Percentage of follow-up out-patient appointments where patients DNA									•_			
Cancer Waits	62 days from referral to treatment (GP referral)												
	Patient seen within 2 weeks of urgent referral												
	31 day first treatment from referral												
	Breast symptomatic seen within 2 weeks												
e-Referral Service	Percentage of eligible GP referrals received through Electronic Referral Service												
Ethnic group data collection	Percentage of inpatient admissions with a valid ethnic group code												
Elective Inpatient activity	Variance from contract schedules												
Non elective inpatient activity	Variance from contract schedules												
New outpatient attendances	Variance from contract schedules												
Follow up op attendances	Variance from contract schedules									•			
Complaints	Percentage of complaints closed within agreed timescales									•			
FFT Recommended	Patients recommending STH for Inpatient treatment									•			
Day surgery	Aggregate percentage of all BADS procedures									•			
rates Mixed Sex	recommended to be treated as day case or  Number of breaches of Mixed Sex Accommodation	_	_	_					_	_	_		•
Accommodatio Sickness	standard All days lost as a percentage of those available	_	_	_				_	_	_	_		
Absence Appraisals	Completed appraisals in last year	_		_				_	_	_	_		
Mandatory	Overall percentage of completed mandatory training	_		_	_			_	_	_	_	-	
Training 1	YTD actual I & E surplus/deficit in comparison to	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Efficiency	YTD plan I & E surplus/deficit Variance from plan		_	_	_				_	_			